## The Western Union Telegraph Company.

Rec'd by Sent by 75 Paid No. 103, N. Y. New York, 26 Rec'd at 3:50 p. m. To BLISS, SWAIN & CO., April 26, 1894. 6 and 8 W. Wash, St.

> W. E. Wolf & Co., of New York, and a Chicago clothing house, and ourselves bought entire stock of young men's, boys' and children's clothing, from assignee of bankrupt firm of N. J. Schloss & Co., at fifty cents on the dollar. Make preparation to receive this immense purchase of the greatest bargain ever bought in the United States. Entire stock amounted to over two hundred thousand dollars, of which we get fifty thousand dollars' worth.

Leo. Bliss.

### THE PROGRESS

that a body of men gathered together may, by reason of their enthusiasm and by the absence of immediate individual responsibility, commit excesses and go to extremes, both in language and action, which no one of them, acting in his individual capacity, would think of doing. For the wild and impractical vagaries which the Chicago convention of 1892 formulated into a platform some explanation ulated into a platform, some explanation like this must be acepted as the only solution. And for this organized anarchy, to which the country owes its present difficulties, it can now only be said that much of the time of the average Democratic legislator is devoted to disavowing his individual responsibility and in proving to his constituents that, although he is not a protectionist, he is in favor of protecting the local industries in which they are interested. From the inevitable consequences of this crusade against business and good times even Coxey and his followraged people may find expression for their in an unusual manner, but whatever misguided people may have done, or may do, they can never, by any accident or design, involve the country in a small part of the trouble and mischief caused by the present Democratic administration." Senator Cullom denounced the income tax as a sandbagging proposition, and then proceeded to criticise in detail the various schedules of the tariff bill. He argued that the tariff question should be taken out of politics altogether and made a matter of mathematical determination and demonstration. "It is," he said, "a business question, but, of course, necessarily a political one, as in it is involved the great question of raising revenue for the support of the government. I do not desire that my posidon shall be mistaken on this subject. I propose to commit to a commission of experts the laborious task of working out the basis upon which an equitable tariff act can be constructed, leaving to Congress finally the work of enacting such a tariff law with all the facts before it as may be required in order to secure the proper amount of revenue and adjust wages to labor without disturbing the equity of the general scheme of protection. This tariff commission, i properly constructed, would be able to avoid the interminable incongruities which give o much annoyance to the administrative branch of the government. Let us then, ir this year of grace, build a monument for all alike to both political parties. Let us cre-

and decent wages be assured to the people Mr. Cullom spoke for two hours and twenty minutes, and was followed by Mr. Dolph, who gave the fifth installment of his speech, but soon sank into the background to allow Mr. McPherson to get into a controversy with Senators Frye and

ate and vivify a system—one something like a system—a plan under which by sim-

ple methods just duties may be computed

Shortly after 5 o'clock Mr. Harris asked, sarcastically, how much longer Senator Dolph proposed to talk; he had already spoken four days. Mr. Dolph asked Mr. Harris not to

"Oh, I am the picture of patience: I am simply asking a question," said Mr. Harris, amid the laughter of the Senate. Mr. Dolph said he had been interrupted so much that his speech had been uninten-tionally prolonged. If no one had a fixed speech for to-morrow, he hoped that he would be allowed to have the floor so that he could finish by 3 o'clock. At 5:25 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

LETTER FROM VOORHEES.

Why the Senator Advocates Abolition of the Duty on Wool.

WASHINGTON, April 27 .- The advocates of a duty on wool were hopeful of accomplishing something in that direction as long as the Democratic Senators were not united In support of the tariff bill, but their hopes have been much dampened by the compromise which has been virtually arranged by the Democrats. Senator Voorhees has written a letter on the free wool question to a Chicago friend, in which he says:

"It is my understanding that very few

carpet wools are produced in this country and that they aggregate about three-fourths of all the wools imported. If this be true, then as to carpet wools there could be no disadvantage, and must be a certain advantage to carpet manufacturers of the country and the consumers of their goods in free wool. Second, I am further advised that the largest proportion of fine wools imported to this country are wools which cannot be produced here, owing to climatte conditions, and that they are essential to the manufacturers in the production of fine fabrics. If this be true they should also be admitted free of duty. This would leave but a small proportion of imported wools which compete at the present time with domestic wools. It is also manifest to me that the failure of our wool growers to realize a profit in wool is almost entirely due to our production both in this country and in other wool-producing countries of the world. I have no doubt that in the year following the passage of a free-wool tariff bili the price of domestic wool would advance, unless the great over-production in various other countries should continue to increase. It is manifestly absurd to suppose that the 11 cents duty on wool has at any time for many years past been of service to the grower, and the prices which have ruled within the last year, as low as 11/2 cents a pound, prove my assertion."

WEATHER FORECAST.

Partly Cloudy Weather, with Local Thunder Storms. WASHINGTON, April 27 .- For Indiana and Illinois-Partly cloudy weather, with

local thunder storms; continued warm;

For Ohio-Fair, followed by local thunder storms during the afternoon or night; winds shifting to southeast.

Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 27. Time. | Bar. Ther. R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Fre. 7a. M. 30.04 60 60 S'east. Clear. 7 P. M 29.96 74 43 South, Pt.cloudy 0.01 Sture, 56. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, April 27, 1894:

Departure from normal. -0.11Excess or defletency since Apr. 1 -0.83 Execus or deficiency since Jan 1 '408 -2.
"Plus. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, \*408 -2.24 Local Forecast Official, United States Weather

on the commons near Superintendent Dugon the commons near Superintendent Duggan's house, but adjourned again to await the arrival of the army from Streator and Kangley. This wing arrived later, having marched all the way from Streator. A few minutes previous to their arrival Lieutenant Governor Gill, President J. A. Crawford and Vice President James W. Murray arrived on a special train from Jollet. A conference took place between the men and Charles J. Devlin in the latter's private car. The miners' officers wanted Mr. Dev-Practically All the Diggers in the State Now on Strike. Clay County Block Coal Men Refuse to car. The miners' officers wanted Mr. Dev-lin to address the miners, but he declined, Accept Operators' Offer to Work saying that he had not invited them here

A public meeting was called to order by Chairman O'Connor, of Spring Valley, and was addressed by Messrs, Gill, Crawford Murray, who counseled peace and urged the army to leave and told all the Toluca miners to decide for themselves. When Lieutenant Governor Gill was introduced to the assemblage of 7,000 miners Acting Governor Gill and Others he opened his address by reading telegrams he had received from Sheriff Lenz and also the replies he had sent in answer to them. giving it as his opinion that the ordering out of the militia was unnecessary. He said he knew that the situation was not as serious as the sheriff had represented it to be, and further stated that he had every And the Great Army of Illinois Miners confidence in the miners not making hostile demonstration. Continuing, he said: "You are all well aware of my mission here. I came here personally to view the situation and have found you, as I thought you were, peaceably assembled and not o a disposition to destroy property or to take life, as I was informed by the sheriff of this county in dispatches last night. do not believe those telegrams emanated from him originally, but that he was mis-BRAZIL, Ind., April 27 .- The report of informed and the facts terribly exaggerated the vote of the block coal miners was subto him. I have come here to-day to demitted to the operators to-day, and it was clare peace and to plead with you not to attempt any violence or destruction of a blank refusal to entertain the operators' property. When I refused to send the proposition to pay 80 cents a ton until a State troops I had every confidence that settlement throughout the country is you would not, and now I hope you will reciprocate my friendly feeling toward you reached. Nearly every mine in the county upholding the dignity and instituis now idle. The delegates say the men are of the State by quietly going at liberty to work until May 1 if they wish home and allow the miners of place to settle their own affairs in a way that is acceptable to them. If you persist in remaining here and make any attempt at hostilities, as the acting executive of

and consequently had no desire to address

to do so, but the influence of the bituminous miners has induced most of the miners to suspend work. The men claim they are this State I can do nothing but my duty, determined to remain firm until their deand you all know what that is, I ask you as American citizens to uphold the supremacy and dignity of the State. I The strike, if it continues, will be one of came here to plead with you to do so the most disastrous ever experienced in and I trust you will. I was not justified this district, as the men have only been sending troops here until there was a receiving about two days' work a week riotous proceeding, and I would not have done so. I believe your visit here is based for the past nine months until the last two upon just grounds, and I can see nothing or three weeks, when they were given have done that will cast a reflection steady employment. Many are in destitute upon you. Confer with the Toluca men if circumstances, and can hardly undergo a you wish, and use moral suasion to get their assistance to your cause. If they long strike without suffering for the necwill help you return to your homes peaceessaries of life. The operators contend that ably. If they will not, return in the same if the men would continue work, thus enmanner, anyway. But if you attempt to use force my only duty is to call out the abling them to fill their contracts, their militia and protect the people of this place competitors would soon concede to the minagainst your invasion. This is your opers' demand in other districts, and thus end portunity to prove to the public that you can peaceably march through the country the strike. The miners, however, believe and assemble for things that are most laudable and commendable, and I sincerely the coal magnates of the county are thoroughly organized, and that they are cohope you will take advantage of it.' J. A. Crawford, president of the United operating together to defeat the strikers. Mine Workers' Union of Illinois, next ad-A mass meeting of the miners will be held dressed the assemblage. He said the minhere soon to make preparations for carryers were not striking, but that they simply suspended work until such a time that the big bug operators were waiting to go into

conference with the miners and adjust

the scale of prices. He said the suspension

was as much to the interests of the operators as it was to the miners. Said he:

"The greatest curse to the mining industry

is the 'black leg' competition of the oper-

tors, and to this mainly is due the deplor-

at last, has caused them to turn against

the aggressor and demand a different con-

dition of things," President Crawford

urged the Toluca men to join the strike

After the speaking a motion was carried

requesting all the miners not residents here

to immediately depart from the city, and

allow the Toluca men to settle among

Lieutenant Governor Gill and Mr. Devlin

telegraphed for a special train to take the

as the above decision had been reached.

and the men were in a very congenial mood

when they learned they were not to march

home. The train arrived in this city dur-

ing the afternoon and the army boarded

the thirty flat cars bound for Streator, go-

ing thence to Lasalle and Spring Valley.

The people of this city felt much relieved

after the departure of the men and the ex-

The Toluca miners at once called a meet-

ing to decide upon the question of return-

ing to work. Some of the colored men

said on the streets that they were willing

to take out their tools if the whites were,

Mr. Devlin said that if his miners quit he

would import negroes from Florida to work in the mines. If the miners here do

not return to work and any such attempt

A man was killed to-day about five miles

east of this city by the train conveying the miners home. He is supposed to have

been one of the stragglers of the Streator

Rioting broke out here at 8:30 o'clock to-

night and the first blood was shed, owing

to the refusal of several miners to quit

work. Three men were wounded before the

deputies could reach the scene of trouble.

The fighting lasted not more than two min-

ESCANABA, Mich., April 27.-A mob of

five hundred unemployed miners paraded

the streets of Iron Mountain to-day carry-

ing a red flag and demanding food or work.

The Mayor will send a committee to Lan-

sing to plead with Governor Rich for help.

At a meeting the miners unanimously

voted to favor a resolution ordering Poor

Commissioner McClintock to leave the city

in two hours. The Governor was notified

by telegraph of the proceedings. Fully

3,000 men in this city are idle, and 500 fam-

Exodus of Foreigners.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 27,-The

coke strikers have adopted peaceful plans

to organize the men at all the works and

not molest those who went to work. There

the leaders saying they have become tired

of the constant struggle against starva-

secured transportation to-day to North Da-

kota, where they will engage in farming.

ilies are starving and desperate.

Carried a Red Flag.

is made trouble is sure to follow.

wing of the army

miners to their respective homes as soon

themselves about joining the movement

and march to the front and be men, as did

also Vice President James W. Murray.

able condition of the miners, and which

ing on the strike. The reports received here to-day indicate that, with an exception here and there of a few men at an isolated mine, the strike in Indiana is complete. Both operators and miners are watching western Pennsylvania, the key to the situation. It is understood that if the Pennsylvania price be restored Ohio and Indiana operators and miners alike would be pleased. Word has been received that some of the western Pennsylvania operators have offered the 79 cents, but the policy of the United Mine Workers is to refuse to sign any contracts until the wage question is readjusted and a differential scale established in all the four States

Temporarily.

Make Conciliatory Speeches,

Returns Home on Special Trains-

Situation Elsewhere.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

mands are granted.

in this competitive field. A Terre Haute dispatch says: At the office of the operators' State association it was said to-day that the supply of coal was ample for several weeks. The industries which depend on Indiana coal can run for a month or more, and the most likely sufferers by a prolonged strike will be the railroad companies.

Strike Ordered at Evansville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 27 .- Coal miners at Evansville and vicinity, working in at least twenty mines, held a mass meeting this evening and decided to join the general strike over the country to-morrow evening. They also agreed not to consider any proposition for settlement until permission should be granted from the State officials of the Mine Workers' Association. They demand a scale to embrace the entire State. Committees were appointed on "suspending work," on "complete organization" and on "ways and means to stop coal coming into Evansville." Some miners failed to appear at the meeting and it was given out solid that if they did not quit work with the crowd ways would be found to compel them.

Pike County Men Out.

PETERSBURG, Ind., April 27 .- The coal miners at the Little and Ayrshire mines, to the number of 350, quit work to-day. The miners had a meeting this afternoon and all nonunion men joined the federation. The miners demand a scale of wages. The operators are willing to submit to any reasonable proposition to arbitrate. All is quiet at the mines, the delegation of Daviess county miners having gone home to-day. All the miners of southern Indiana are now out, excepting those at Boonville.

TROUBLE AVERTED. The Invading Army of Miners In-

duced to Leave Toluca. TOLUCA, Ill., April 27.-This place was invaded by an army of miners to-day, bent on driving out the workers in the coal pits here, but the "soldiers" returned to their homes without striking a blow. The army, which halted for a rest at Big Sandy last night, broke camp at 4 a. m. to-day, ar- is an exodus of foreigners from the regions, riving at Toluca at 6 o'clock, with the blare of brass bands and drum corps. There were nearly 4,500 of the invaders. As they filed into town they were met by the citi-

> Trouble Expected at Jellico. JELLICO, Tenn., April 27 .- The unemployed and striking miners of the Jellico region have issued a call for a public meeting to be held next Sunday for the organiis being made to get the Coal Creek miners | selves: to come out, but they still refuse. There is much indignation among the miners and there have been threats made of forcing the Coal Creek men to lay down their picks. If they do not come out on May 1

the trouble may be looked for,

Must Not Read Newspapers. COLUMBUS, O., April 27 .- President Me-Bride, of the United Mine Workers, to-day issued builetin No. 1, to be mailed to miners, telling them to pay no attention to newspapers, and that he will post the min-

zens. Although footsore and weary, they had not lost any enthusiasm. Most of the colored miners that work here left for other places last night to avoid a skirmish. As soon as the men arrived they assembled UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 27.—The first eviction writs in the history of the strike

> strike of 1891 evictions were accompanied with bloodshed and riot. 2,500 Go Out.

were issued to-day, and eleven strikers

were thrown out of company houses. In the

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 27 .- Information reaches here to the effect that at least 2,500 New River miners went out today. This may precipitate a general strike throughout the Kanawha region.

CREEDON IS CHAMPION

Middle-Weight Supremacy Easily Won by the Australian.

Dick Moore, o St. Paul, Knocked Out in Nine Rounds at the Twin City Athletic Club.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 27.-The Twin City Athletic Club had provided 1,700 seats about the elevated stage, on which was pitched the eighteen-foot ring in which Dan Creedon, of Australia, and Dick Moore, of St. Paul, were to settle the middle-weight supremacy, after having fought a ten-round draw at Boston, but there were plenty of vacant seats when the fight was called. Creedon had been the favorite in the betting and odds of five to two went begging, in spite of Moore being practically at home. Creedon weighed in at 160 and looked fat, as he always does, as well as a trifle anxious. Time keepers were Jim Manning, of St. Paul, for Moore, Billy Halpin for Creedon, and W. J. Edwards for the club. Creedon had "Shad-ow" Maber, Tom Tracy, his foster brother, and Prof. Frank Lewis, of the Columbia Athletic Club, behind him, while Bobby Dobbs, of Denver, Billy Needham and D. H. Benton (Rob Roy) did the like duty for Moore. Sandy Griswold, of Omaha, was

Moore was first to appear in the ring at 9:30 and received an ovation from the crowd. Creedon appeared in a few minutes and the applause showed he had plenty of From the start the men came together hard, and during the twenty-five minutes which Moore was allowed to fight the pace was continuous. The fight was a good one although it was apparent from the outset that Creedon was too strong for the St. boy. Moore landed plenty of good but Creedon was not worried. Moore secured first blood from the cheek in the third round. Creedon played for the stom-ach. Moore was very tired after the fifth round, and at the end of the sixth his right eye was closed. As the seventh opened it was plain to be seen that Creedon was waiting for a knock-out blow. Moore was very nervous, and tried to land a right, but failed. In the eighth Creedon pushed Moore all over the ropes, jabbing him at the close, found the spot and felled Moore to his side with a short-arm right. Time

The ninth was Moore's Waterloo. Moore ame up strong and rushed Dan, who promptly felled him again with a shortright-arm blow. He was up and Dan tried it again. Moore ducked, and Dan gave a short upper-cut with the left on the point of the jaw. Moore went down on his side, and as the fatal ten was counted rolled over on his back and spread out his hands, Before the fight, C. H. Benton offered to find backing for Bobby Dobbs, of Denver,

gainst any living light-weight. LIABILITIES ABOUT \$1,500,000

Failure of Henry Newman & Co., Im-

porters, of New York. NEW YORK, April 27 .- Henry Newman & Co., importers of clothiers' supplies at Nos. 628 and 630 Broadway, have made an assignment to Nathaniel Myers, of No. 45 Wall street. The firm is the largest in

Nathaniel Myers, counsel for the firm, makes the following statement: "Sept. 19 last the firm was granted an extension of eight, twelve and fifteen months. The first payment of \$500,000 falls due about the mid-dle of May. One-half of this sum, \$250,000, has already been paid, but, owing to the continued depression in business, the firm found it impossible to pay the remainder, and decided to assign in order that those who have sold the firm goods since the extension might come in with the other creditors. The liabilities are about \$1,500,000; assets about \$900,000 of merchandise at cost. \$500,000 outstanding accounts and \$120,000 in cash, which have been turned over to the assignee, and real estate and other assets sufficient to make a nominal surplus of \$300,000 or \$400,000. A statement will shortly be prepared and placed before the cred-E. W. Bloomingdale & Co., dealers in tailors' trimmings, also made an assign-

ment to-day. Solvent Bank Closed. NEW YORK, April 27.-Quite a number of depositors assembled about the doors of the Harlem River Bank, to-day, in the hope that they might be permitted to draw out their money, but no money could be paid or delivered. The officers express themselves in bitter terms against both the clearing house and the State Bank Department, which they say has brought trouble upon a thoroughly solvent concern.

Insolvent Loan Association. SPRINGFIELD, April 27 .- The auditor of public accounts to-day authorized the Attorney-general to begin suit at once against the Mississippi Valley Homestead and Loan Association of Chicago, which has been declared insolvent by State examiners. The liabilities are \$20,474 in excess of the as-

The Dread Season at Hand. Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. Commencements are commencing to commence. The theological seminaries lead the

A New Certain Cure for Piles. We do not intend to endorse any except ar ticles of genuine merit; we therefore take pleasure in recommending to sufferers from Piles in any form, a prompt and permanent zation of a Coxey division. A strong effort | cure. The following letters speak for them

Mrs. Mary C. Tyler, of Heppner, Ore, writes: One pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely cured me of piles from which I have suffered for years, and I have never had the slightest return from them since. Mr. E. O'Brien, Rock Bluffs, Neb., says: The

pkg. of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely removed every trace of itching piles, I cannot thank you enough for it. The Pyramid Pile Cure is a new, certain painless cure for every form of piles. It i safe, sure and cheap. Any druggist will get THE GREAT NORTHERN

Hill's Road Now Tied Up from St. Paul to the Pacific.

All Members of the Union Ordered Out

all its men in the employ of the road in the two cities. Telegrams were sent to all unions on the line to stand to their guns. All efforts to settle the strike failed, and President Debs, of the American Railway Union, issued orders for a strike all along the Minnesota divisions of the Great Northern. This completes the strike from St. Paul to the coast, President Hill again proposed his plan of arbitration at the last conference between the men's committee and the road, but it was refused.

When asked for a statement of the situation after the strike was declared, President Debs, of the union, said that a representative of each class of employes was still in the city to watch developments, all others having gone home. The conference with Mr. Hill to-day, he said, was carried on pleasantly, but without the effect of bringing them any closer together. "As to the claims that he has enough men to run the road, I believe Mr. Hill has been misinformed by his own friends, who overestimated their numbers. Strict orders have been issued," said Mr. Debs, "that all strikers along the line stay in their homes and refrain from any interference with the trains which the company may attempt to move. If any injury is done to the property of the company it will be in direct violation of the instructions of the committee. But the trains will not run, simply because the company cannot get men to handle them." "The freight train which went out last night has gone no further than St. Cloud, because the company cannot get a fireman," interjected Mr. How-

"The committee takes the ground," said Mr. Debs, "that, having appealed against a wrong that was inflicted upon them, the men should not be asked to arbitrate. It does not admit of arbitration. I don't anticipate that the strike will extend to the Northern Pacific for the present, at least. I don't think there is any discontent on that road, and I have not heard anything that would lead me to expect its employes

President Hill was called on immediately after the order for a general strike had been promulgated, and stated that he had very little additional to say other than what already had been given out. The company, he said, proposed to operate its road independent of the American Railway Un-"I do not think," said Mr. Hill, "that any great proportion of the men will obey the order, and I do not anticipate any difficulty in getting men to operate the trains. The law says that the trains must run, and the law will see that they do run. We do not believe that this committee represents the main body of the men. In a committee of forty-six they have only two engineers and two firemen, and this leaves a very large proportion of the mileage of the road unrepresented. We have assurances from numbers of our men that the committee does not represent them and that they will continue to work.

Should it transpire," said the reporter, "that the company has been misinformed in this respect and that the employes are not faithful in sufficient numbers to operate the trains, will men be imported from the East to take their places? "That is something which will have to be determined in the course of events. The company does not wish to replace any of its old men with outsiders, but the trains will be run, and men must be had from somewhere to operate them. We are not alarmed or excited over the situation. To-night every thing is closed up in these two cities and along the line of the road The brotherhood men, although not actively joining the strike, seemed disinclined to work with the nonunion men and feared the possible dangers of green men on the

switches. The afternoon train started out on the Great Northern with a full crew, notwithstanding the union order to strike. When it reached Jackson Station, however, where there is a switch but no switchman, the train stopped and the engineer, fireman and baggageman deserted. The conductor stood by the train, but refused to talk. A dispatch from St. Cloud, Minn., says: Freight train No. 15, the first over the Great Northern since the beginning of the strike, pulled in to-day with eleven deputy marshals in charge. The train was made up of thirty-five carloads of merchandise. and was started from St. Paul yesterday. The engine was returned to the round-

doned temporarily. Will Obey the Injunction.

house this afternoon and the attempt to

send the freight on to the West was aban-

ST. PAUL, April 27 .- The order to show cause why the injunction prayed for in the case of the Great Northern Railway Company against Olseon and others to restrain them from interfering by force, threats or intimidation with interstate commerce on that road or with those employed to carry on interstate commerce in place of those who quit the service of the road came on for hearing in the United States Circuit Court to-day, Judge Sanborn presiding, Mr. L. B. Foster appeared for himself and stated to the court that he had no objection to the issuance of the injunction, but asked the court what the meaning of the word "intimidation" was. The court answered that it was the overawing by threat of superior force even though nothing be said indicating that force would be used, a display of force being sufficient. Mr. Foster then repeated that he had no objection to the issuance of the injunction and that he should obey it.

The Cincinnati Southern Trouble. CINCINNATI, O., April 27 .- A long conference was held to-day with receiver Felton, of the Cincinnati Southern, by Chief Arthur and his conferees of the railway brotherhoods, but the receiver remained firm, saying the order for a 10 per cent. reduction May 1 must be adhered to. It is now understood that, instead of a sirike. a restraining order will be asked for from the court which appointed the receiver.

Wealthy Italian Probably Murdered. NEW YORK, April 27.—The mangled body of Anthony Prisco, a wealthy and influential Italian of Jersey City, was found on the Pennsylvania tracks near Bruns-wick yesterday. Three of his pockets were turned inside out. There was no money or jewelry in his clothes, but a large batch of papers were found in an inside pocket. Among these were two letters from Rich- 1 7:30.

ard Croker and one from President Cleveland's private secretary. It is said that Prisco has cheated forty Italians out of \$50 each by promising to get them positions in the street-cleaning department of New York, and it is believed he was murdered.

FOUR BLACKS HANGED

Charged with Assassination and Lynched by a Louisiana Mob.

Seventeen More in Jail and in Danger of the Rope or Long Terms in Prison-Lawful Executions.

TALLULAH, La., April 27 .- Four more of the Boyce assassins were captured last night, and when the posse who had charge of the prisoners reached the Suerly place, about two miles from Tallulah, a crowd of two hundred mounted men met them, overpowered the officers and took the four assassins to the Crescent place, and on the ground where the shots were fired by the assassins that killed Mr. Boyce, the four leaders-Shell Claxton, Pomp Claxton, Scott Hervey and Lory McCoy-were hanged on a tree about one hundred feet from where they committed their deed. The executions were conducted very quietly, the people living in the vicinity knowing nothing about them until this morning, when they were surprised to find the four assassins hanging near their doors. Every effort possible is being made to capture Thomas Griffin, the only one of the assassins at large. There are seventeen negroes in jail here. They will be tried by jury, and it is considered by all that the ones the law does not hang will go to the penitentiary.

Another account says the Boyce assassins were hunted yesterday by dogs with a large posse of officers. Later in the evening the sheriff called for more reinforcements, as the posses had the outlaws surrounded in the Buckthorn woods between Milliken's Bend and Omega. About two hundred men answered the call, and about 11 o'clock last night the negroes were treed The executions were conducted very quiet-

by President Debs—Failure of Another Effort to Arbitrate.

other Effort to Arbitrate.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 27.—The Great Northern railway strike is on at last in the Twin cities. The American Railway Union this afternoon called out all its men in the employ of the road in the still refused to answer, and a volley was still refused to answer, and a volley was fired at the roof of the cabin. The negro came out and said the fugitives were not in the house, and he did not know where they were. The posse then searched the premises, and in the loft of a small crib in the yard the four assassins were found huddled together. They were promptly ar rested, and Sheriff McClelland deputized twelve of the posse to take them to Tallu-lah. The other assassin, Tom Griffin, was not with them. He is still at large. It seems that when the dogs got after th fugitives they threw their guns away and scattered, and only the four caught last night got together again. They do not know what became of Griffin.

> Legal Hangings. MANASSAS, Va., April 27 .- James Robinson and Benjamin White were hanged in the jail yard here to-day for criminal assault, committed on two white women Prince William county last January. FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., April 27 .- Samuel Vaughn was hanged here to-day for the murder of John Gage in September, 1891.

> Liquor Sold to a Boy. Jacob Greenman, saloon keeper at No. 278 South Illinois street, and wife, were arrested last night on charges of selling liquor to Oakes Davis, a thirteen-year-old boy, Wednesday, April 26, on a warrant sworn out by officer Frank Matlock.

Marion Club Entertainment. Bert Short, assisted by the Marion Club orchestra, will give a piano recital at the clubrooms, on East Ohio street, to-night. Committees will be on hand to receive vis-itors, and the club extends an invitation to all Republicans to attend.

What Causes Pimples?

Clogging of the pores or mouths of the sebaceous glands with sebum or oily matter. The plug of sebum in the centre of the pimple is called a blackhead, grub, or comedone. Nature will not allow the clogging of the pores

to continue long, hence, Inflammation, pain, swelling and redness, later pus or matter forms, breaks or is opened,

the plug comes out and the pore is once more There are thousands of these pores in the face alone, any one of which is liable to become

clogged by neglect or disease. What Cures Pimples?

The only reliable preventive and cure, when

not due to a constitutional humor, is

Cuticura Soap.

It contains a mild proportion of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, which enables it to dissolve the sebaceous or oily matter as it forms at the mouths of the pores.

It stimulates the sluggish glands and tubes to healthy activity, reduces inflammation, soothes and heals irritated and roughened surfaces and This is the secret of its wonderful success.

For bad complexions, red, rough hands and shapeless nails, dry, thin and falling hair, scaly and irritated scalps and simple baby blemishes

It is preserving, purifying and beautifying to a degree hitherto unknown among remedies for the skin and complexion.

Sale greater than the combined sales of all other skin and complexion soaps. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Pro-

prietors, Boston.

Women full of pains, aches and weaknesses find comfort. strength and renewed vitality in Cuticura Plaster, the first and only pain-killing, nerve-strengthening plaster when all else fails.



Bargain-Counter Bicycles Are worth just what is asked for them, no more, Don't be misled in trying to save a few dollars, at the expense of a season's annoyance from a clap-trap marked-down wheel. Our wheels are standard the world over, and we are exclusively Biccle Dealers.

HAY & WILLITS, THE CYCLISTS

70 NORTH PENNSYLVANIA ST

Open evenings, Payments or Cash.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Congregational. PEOPLE'S CONGREGATIONAL Church--Corner of Michigan and Blackford streets. Preaching by the pastor, James M. Lewis, at 19:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 3:15 p. m. song service in the evening at 7:45. The following is the programme: Organ, "Lustspiel," George Hebble; quartet, "See Now the Altar," Faure; duet, "The Lord Is My Light," Buck, Miss Hiff and Mr. Nell; tenor solo, "Ave Maria," Mascagni, Harry Fletcher; quartet, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," Schnecker; trio, "Thou Shalt Love the Lord," Miss Messing, Mrs. Hammon and Miss Iliff; quartet, "Incline Thine Ear," Himmel; duet, Elegie, violin and flute, Mr. Givens and Mr. Nell; male quartet, "Not Dead but Sleepeth," Messrs. Fletcher, Hassler, Beheymer and Nell. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, PLYMOUTH CHURCH-Corner Meridian

and New York streets, Frederic E. Dew-hurst, minister; Sunday school, 9:30; morning service, 10:45; evening service,



Shiro Kuroda M. A. C., Amherst, Mass.

#### Japanese Student

Health in Danger From Overstudy-**Creat Health From Hood's** Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has benefited people of all nationalities. Testimonial letters are coming to us daily by the hundreds. One of the recent contributions comes from Mr. Shiro Kuroda of Japan, a student at the Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst. His letter follows: Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Gentlemen,-I came to America in 1891 and entered college in the following fall. After the thorough attainment of my education, my object is to return to my native country. But I must not discuss my personal affairs. I wish to

Recommend to the Public the wonderful healing power of Hood's Sarsa-

parilla, which is peculiar to itself. "I have been suffering greatly from dyspepsia. I always felt tired and had no appetite what-ever, often felt dizzy and even fainted away. My trouble was, no doubt, due to my weak constitution and strict adherence to study. Had I continued in the same condition it would have resulted in a snare to my health, or to my college course at least. Last spring I took three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is

A Wonderful Medicine. It gave me a good appetite and strength, such as I had never experienced before. Two weeks after I began to take the first bottle I actually gained ten pounds of fiesh, and now I am greatly indebted to Hood's Sarsaparilla for that

for hours without dizziness of faintness. It is my desire to recommend Hood's Sasaparilla most highly, as an excellent 'student's helper." SHIRO KURODA, M. A. C., Amherst, Mass.

Heod's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peaistaltic action of the alimentary canal.

#### May Atlantic

Contains, among other attractions, From Blomidon to Smoky. A very interesting travel sketch by the late Frank Bolles.

Francis Parkman.

II. John Fiske. Two finely appreciative tributes to the il-

The Oueen of Clubs. A capital story by Eliza Orne White, author

of "Winterborough," etc. Talk at a Country House. Concluding Sir Edward Strachey's delight

Verses by Edward Lear, never before With Stories, Essays and Poems by Mrs. Deland, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Stoddard, Prof. Manatt.

ful series, and containing some Nonsense

Miss Guiney, and others. \$4 a year; 35 cents a number.

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO., BOSTON

Sunday Journal By Mail, to Any Address,

Two Dollars per Annum.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Christian. CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH-Corner of Delaware and Walnut streets, D. R. Lucas, pastor. Subject, 19:45 a. m., "The Transfiguration;" 7:45 p. m., a missionary service with short addresses by Rev. W. K. Azbill and the pastor; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Howard Cale, su-perintendent; Y. P. S. C. E., Junior Society, 9 a. m., Senior Society, 6:30 p. m., Miss Minnie Scott, leader. All are wel-

Episcopal. ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, New York and Illinois streets; G. A. Carstensen communion, 8:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 10:45 a. m. Evening prayer, followed by lecture with stereopticon illustrations, 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Jatrations, 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Ja-cob's Dream;" evening subject, "The Vic-

Methodist.

CENTRAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPIS-COPAL CHURCH-Corner of Central avenue and Butler street. Rev. Henry A Buchtel, D. D., pastor. Sermons at 16:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. H. A. Gobin, D. D. Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; class meetings, Sunday, 9:30 a. m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcomed. MERIDIAN-STREET M. E. CHURCH-Corner of New York. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. C. N. Sims, D. D., at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. and Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Midweek prayer meeting Thursday even-ing, at 7:30. All are cordially invited. ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-Northeast corner Delaware and Vermont streets. Rev. T. I. Coultas, D. D., pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor. Subject, "Faith, Hope and Love; the Basal Principles of Aggressive Effort." The following is the programme for the services at 7:30 p. m. Organ, "Grand Chorus," Dubois, Mrs. W. Judah; hymn and prayer; chorus, "O Be Joyful," Fairbank, choir; solo, "Sing Ye Praise," Mendelssohn, Mr. Daniel Davis; trio, "O Lamb of God," Leslie, Miss Sweenie, Mrs. Lenox and Mr. Davis; quartet, "Evening Hymn," Merz; "Andante Coro Meto," Batiste-Calkins, Mrs. Judah; hymn; chorus, "As Panteth the Hart," Davis, choir; solo, "My Redeemer," Buck, Miss Ida Sweenie; duet, "Abide with Me," Donizetti, Miss Sweenie and Mr. Davis; solo and chorus, "Beyond the Smiling and the Weeping," Sudds. Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening, at 7:30 p. m.

New Church. NEW CHURCH CHAPEL-Swedenborgian -333 North Alabama street, Rev. W. L. Gladish, resident minister. Sunday school, 9:30; morning service, 10:45; evening service, 7:30; subject of morning sermon. "The Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of Men?' evening subject, "The Second Coming an Accomplished Fact."

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Southwest corner Pennsylvania and New York street. The pastor, Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., will preach to-morcow, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Evening subject, "Why He Succeeded in Business." Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. The Christian Endeavor Society meets at 6:30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting on Thursday evening, at 7:45 o'clock.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Corner of Pennsylvania and Vermont streets; Rev. Joseph A. Milburn, pastor, Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:45; Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.; prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Public invited.

TABERNACLE CHURCH-Corner Meridian and Second streets, Rev. J. A. Rond-thaler, D. D., pastor; Rev. W. B. Dunpastor at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:15 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 3:45 p. m. Preaching by the associate pastor in West Washington-street Chapel, 10:30 a. m., and in Mount Jackson Chapel at 7:30 p. in

# DRPRICE'S Geam Bakins Geam Powder.

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard. | ers at short notice. A proof slip was fur- safe, sure and cheap. Any nished the Associated Press by Mr. Me- it for you if you ask him.